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American Opinion Summary

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CUBA

President Kennedy's Cuban policy statement of vesterday is marmly applicated in early comment. "We shall neither initiate nor permit aggression in this hemisphere." quotes the Baltimore Sunethat is America's "reasonable, balanced and firm policy" and "it is the right one." Only by supposing that the White House is "wholly misinformed about Cuba can any sober person challenge" the President's stand, the Sun maintains. The Washington Star concludes that the President "has said all that needs to be said now about Cuba," and believes "it will be correctly understood" in Havena and in Moscow.

The New York Times declares that "the time had come for plain speaking on Cuba, and Americans, Cubans, Bussians and the rest of the world heard it last evening, . . The time has not come for a military invasion or any other drastle, unilateral action by the U.S. against Cuba, and this, too, has been made plain." To the Times, the President "has been firm and frank. If Premiers Shrushchev and Castro were issuing a challenge, it has been answeed." The Times Arthur Krock characterizes Mr. Kennedy's declaration as a "calm, factual and otherwise admirable statement."

The Cuban situation "requires action for stiffer theo our diplomats have vet been able to arrange in co-operation with OAS," the Scripps-Howard press maintains. Although conceding the "merit" of the President's "seeming plea" that the public not "force his hand" on Cuba, it insists that conditions there already constitute "an obvious potential threat" to Guantanamo, other Western Hemisphere countries and the other sites mentioned by the President.

fieenwhile, there has been much discussion of how the US should react to Cuba. Among others, the Washington Post argued that "war is not the only device open to an affronted power, even though it is the ultimate device." The Nation recommended that excited Senators "stop charging up San Juan Hill" (similarly, Louisville Courier-Journal, St. Louis Post-Disp., Um. H. Hessler in Cincinnati Enq.).

"The poorly disguised element of fear to some of the outerles coming from Congress should be brought under control," said the faila-delphia Inquirer. However, it held, the Administration "should not stand idly by any longer in this crisis but take the initiative" isimilarly, Hearst papers, D. Lawrence, R. Drummond). Joining the widespread rebuke to Khrushchev for marning that a U.S. move would bring Soviet nuclear retaliation, the Chicago Tribune advised that he pay less attention to Administration "timidity and vacillation" and more to "the rising temper of the American people."

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